Oxfordshire County Council Draft Audit results report Year ended 31 March 2021 9 July 2021



9 July 2021



Oxfordshire County Council Audit & Governance Committee County Hall New Road Oxford OX1 1ND

Dear Audit & Governance Committee Members

2020/21 Draft audit results report

We are pleased to attach our draft audit results report, summarising the status of our audit for the forthcoming meeting of the Audit & Governance Committee. We will update the Audit & Governance Committee at its meeting scheduled for 21 July 2021 on further progress to that date and explain the remaining steps to the issue of our final opinion.

The audit is designed to express an opinion on the 2020/21 financial statements and address current statutory and regulatory requirements. This report contains our indicative findings related to the areas of audit emphasis, our views on Oxfordshire County Council's accounting policies and judgements and material internal control findings. Each year sees further enhancements to the level of audit challenge and the quality of evidence required to achieve the robust professional scepticism that society expects. We thank the management team for supporting this process. We have also included an update on our work on value for money arrangements.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Audit & Governance Committee, other members of the Council and senior management. It is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We welcome the opportunity to discuss the contents of this report with you at the Audit & Governance Committee meeting on 21 July 2021.

Yours faithfully

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Maria Grindley Associate Partner For and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP Encl

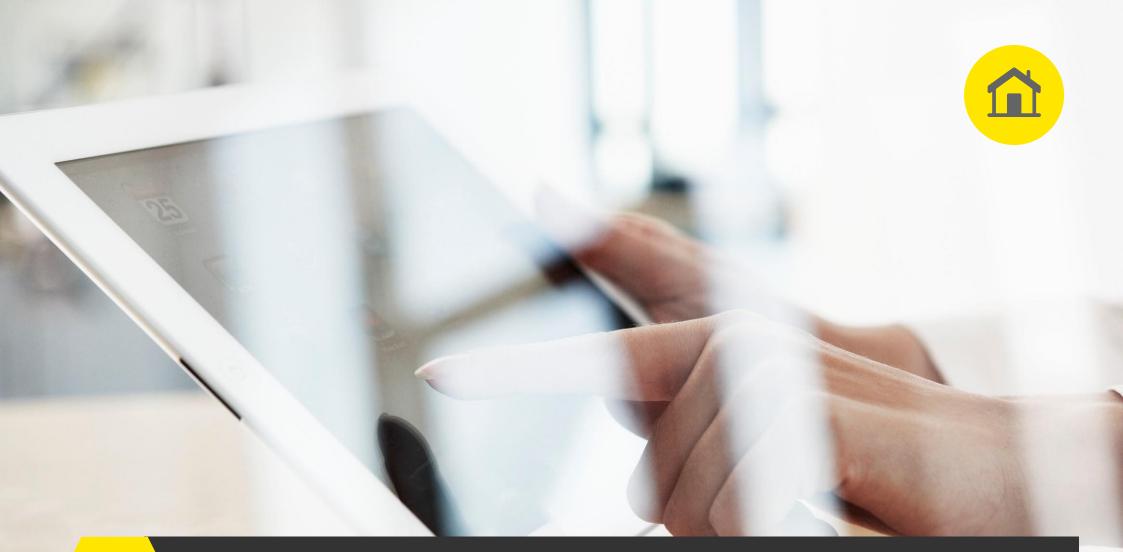
Contents



Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd (PSAA) issued the "Statement of responsibilities of auditors and audited bodies". It is available from the PSAA website (<u>https://www.psaa.co.uk/audit-guality/statement-of-responsibilities/</u>). The Statement of responsibilities serves as the formal terms of engagement between appointed auditors and audited bodies. It summarises where the different responsibilities of auditors and audited bodies begin and end, and what is to be expected of the audited body in certain areas.

The "Terms of Appointment and further guidance (updated April 2018)" issued by the PSAA sets out additional requirements that auditors must comply with, over and above those set out in the National Audit Office Code of Audit Practice (the Code) and in legislation, and covers matters of practice and procedure which are of a recurring nature.

This report is made solely to the Audit & Governance Committee and management of Oxfordshire County Council in accordance with the statement of responsibilities. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Audit & Governance Committee, and management of Oxfordshire County Council those matters we are required to state to them in this report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Audit & Governance Committee and management of Oxfordshire County Council for this report or for the opinions we have formed. It should not be provided to any third-party without our prior written consent.





Scope update

Changes in materiality - In our audit planning report tabled at the 2 June Audit & Governance Committee meeting, we provided you with an overview of our audit scope and approach for the audit of the financial statements. We updated our planning materiality assessment using the draft financial statements and have also reconsidered our risk assessment. Based on our planning materiality measure of 1.8% of gross expenditure on provision of services and performance materiality at 75% of planning materiality:

Materiality	Audit Plan	Final
Planning	£18.364 m	£19.912 m
Performance	£13.773 m	£14.934 m
Reporting	£0.918 m	£ 0.996 m

Additional EY consultation requirements concerning the impact on auditor reports because of Covid-19.

The continued impact of the Covid-19 pandemic increases the risks to the material accuracy of financial statements and disclosures. To ensure we are providing the right assurances to the Authority and its stakeholders the firm has introduced a rigorous risk assessed consultation process for all auditor reports to ensure that they include the appropriate narrative.



Scope Update

Changes to reporting timescales

As a result of COVID-19, new regulations, the Accounts and Audit (Coronavirus) (Amendment) Regulations 2021 No 263, have been published and came into force on 31 March 2021. This announced a change to publication date for final, audited accounts from 31 July to 30 September 2021 for all relevant authorities.

Impact of Covid-19

Collection Fund: Due to the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic central government have allowed district councils more time to submit their Collection Fund figures to
the Authority. As a result the Collection Fund figures in the draft unaudited accounts will need to be updated and will in turn need to be audited.

Additional audit procedures as a result of Covid-19

Other changes in the entity and regulatory environment as a result of Covid-19 that have not resulted in an additional risk, but result in the following impacts on our audit strategy were as follows:

Information Produced by the Entity (IPE): We identified an increased risk around the completeness, accuracy, and appropriateness of information produced by the entity due to the inability of the audit team to verify original documents or re-run reports on-site from the Council's systems. We undertook the following to address this risk:

- Used the screen sharing function of Microsoft Teams to evidence re-running of reports used to generate the IPE we audited; and
- Agree IPE to scanned documents or other system screenshots.

Status of the audit

Our audit work in respect of the Council opinion is well progressed. We have experienced some delays specifically in respect of the receipt of valuation information on Property, Plant and Equipment. This has delayed our internal specialists concluding on their work and also resulted in delays to the audit team completing their testing of valuations.

Details of each outstanding item, actions required to resolve and responsibility is included in Appendix D.

Given that the audit process is still ongoing, we will continue to challenge the remaining evidence provided and the final disclosures in the Narrative Report and Accounts which could influence our final audit opinion



Auditor responsibilities under the new Code of Audit Practice 2020

Under the Code of Audit Practice 2020 we are still required to consider whether the Council has put in place 'proper arrangements' to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness on its use of resources. The 2020 Code requires the auditor to design their work to provide them with sufficient assurance to enable them to report to the Council a commentary against specified reporting criteria (see below) on the arrangements the Council has in place to secure value for money through economic, efficient and effective use of its resources for the relevant period.

The specified reporting criteria are:

- Financial sustainability How the Council plans and manages its resources to ensure it can continue to deliver its services;
- Governance How the Council ensures that it makes informed decisions and properly manages its risks; and
- Improving economy, efficiency and effectiveness: How the Council uses information about its costs and performance to improve the way it manages and delivers its services.

Status of the audit - Value for Money

We have previously reported to the Committee the changes in the arrangements to the VFM for 2020/21. We are currently completing our risk assessment work and assessing the Council against the three sub-criteria. This includes arranging meetings with senior officers to understand in detail the arrangements in place. As at the date of this report we are not reporting any significant weakness in arrangements. We will provide an update at the September Audit & Governance Committee meeting on our final conclusions. This update will also include the timelines for receipt of the VFM Commentary and our conclusions against each of the three sub-criteria.



Audit differences

As at the date of this report, we are reporting one audit mis-statement greater than our reporting threshold of £14.934 m which will be amended. This was related to assets built by the County Council being recorded as negative additions as opposed to being derecognised upon transfer to Academies. Please see further details on Page 20 of the report.

There are currently no uncorrected mis-statements greater than our reporting threshold for uncorrected mis-statements of £0.996 m.

There have been a number of presentational and disclosure amendments which we have identified and have been corrected by management. See Section 4 of this report for further details of the mis-statements.

Other reporting issues

We have reviewed the information presented in the Annual Governance Statement for consistency with our knowledge of the Council. We have no matters to report as a result of this work.

We have not yet performed the procedures required by the National Audit Office (NAO) on the Whole of Government Accounts (WGA) submission. Officers are still awaiting the final guidance supporting the WGA submission for 2020-21. This work will be completed at the end of the audit and we will provide an update on WGA at the September 2020-21 Audit & Governance Committee meeting.

We have no other matters to report.



Areas of audit focus

In our Audit Plan we identified a number of key areas of focus for our audit of the financial report of Oxfordshire Council. This report sets out our observations and status in relation to these areas, including our views on areas which might be conservative and areas where there is potential risk and exposure. Our consideration of these matters and others identified during the period is summarised within the "Areas of Audit Focus" section of this report.

We request that you review these and other matters set out in this report to ensure:

- There are no residual further considerations or matters that could impact these issues; ►
- You concur with the resolution of the issue; and ►
- There are no further significant issues you are aware of to be considered before the financial report is finalised. ►

There are no matters, other than those reported by management or disclosed in this report, which we believe should be brought to the attention of the Audit & Governance Committee or Management.

Control observations

During the audit, we did not identify any significant deficiencies in internal control.

However, during the audit we identified an issue in relation to journal authorisation and have made recommendations for improvement in relation to management's financial processes and controls. We will issue a detailed management letter at the September Audit & Governance Committee setting out our observations, these are also included in Section 07 of this report - Assessment of the control environment.

Independence

In our Audit Plan presented at the 2 June Audit & Governance Committee meeting we did not identify any independence issues.

Please refer to Section 9 for our update on Independence.

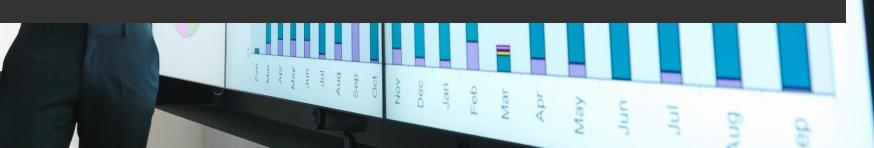


Areas of audit focus

Our audit plan identified significant risks and areas of focus for our audit of the Authority's financial statements. We summarise below our latest findings.			
Significant risk	Findings & conclusions		
Misstatements due to fraud or error	Our work on this area is underway and as at the date of this report we have found no indications of management override of controls.		
Incorrect capitalisation of revenue expenditure	Our work on this area is underway and as at the date of this report we have found no instances of incorrect capitalisation of revenue expenditure.		
Valuation of land and buildings	Our work on valuations has commenced but has been significantly delayed by the receipt of information from the internal and external valuers. As a result our internal valuations specialists have been unable to conclude their review of a sample of assets. In addition, this has also resulted in delays for the audit team in completing their review of a sample of assets. We have identified one material adjustment from the work completed to date and this is detailed at Section 4. As our work is still ongoing it is possible that further adjustments may arise.		

Other area of audit focus	Findings & conclusions
Accounting for Covid-19 related Grant Expenditure	Our work on this area is well progressed and we have consulted with our technical team to consider consistency of the approach to two specific grants
Pension liability	We have agreed the Authority's pension liability disclosures to the actuarial report. However, we are awaiting the IAS19 assurance letter from the auditor of the Oxfordshire Pension Fund to enable us to conclude against this area of audit focus.
Accounting for Dedicated Schools Grant	Our work on this area is well progressed and we have consulted with our technical team
Going concern	The draft accounts included a detailed disclosure on going concern. Officers have used the assessment of the impact of Covid-19 on the Authority's finances, as reported to Cabinet, to draft the going concern disclosure note. We have scrutinised the financial assessment, cashflow, liquidity forecasts, known outcomes, sensitivities, mitigating actions and key assumptions. We have requested further information supporting their overall assessment of the Going Concern assumption. We will provide an update on our consideration and final conclusion of this matter at the Audit & Governance Committee meeting.

O2 Areas of audit focus



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Areas of audit focus

Significant risk

Incorrect capitalisation of revenue expenditure

What is the risk?

Under ISA240 there is also a presumed risk that revenue may be misstated due to improper recognition of revenue. In the public sector, this requirement is modified by Practice Note 10, issued by the Financial Reporting Council, which states that auditors should also consider the risk that material misstatements may occur by the manipulation of expenditure recognition.

For Oxfordshire County Council, we consider this risk to be present in:

Additions to property, plant and equipment and Revenue Expenditure Financed from Capital Under Statute (REFCUS).

We have considered the capitalisation of revenue expenditure on property, plant and equipment as a specific area of risk given the extent of the Authority's capital programme.

What judgements are we focused on?	What are our conclusions?			
How management decides on appropriate capitalisation of revenue expenditure, including consideration of REFCUS.	We have not identified any issues with management's accounting policies or practices in relation to o to finance expenditure from capital sources.			
	Capital expenditure in relation to Investment is not material, therefore we focused our testing on property, plant and equipment capital additions and also Revenue Expenditure Financed from Capital			
What did we do?	Under Statute (REFCUS) capital additions.			
We sample tested additions to property, plant and equipment to ensure that they have been correctly classified as capital and included at the correct value in order to identify any revenue items that have been inappropriately capitalised.	Our testing of capital additions is not currently completed however our testing to date has not identified any instances where expenditure had been inappropriately capitalised.			

Areas of audit focus

Significant risk

Risk of error in the valuation of land and buildings

What is the risk?

The fair value of Property, Plant and Equipment and Investment Properties represent significant balances in the Authority's accounts, totalling approximately \pounds 1.2 billion and are subject to valuation changes, impairment reviews and depreciation charges.

In calculating amounts recorded in the Authority's balance sheet, management are required to make material judgements and apply estimation techniques.

What judgements are we focused on?

We focused on aspects of the land and buildings valuation which could have a material impact on the financial statements, primarily:

- harder to value assets such as schools which are valued on a depreciated replacement cost basis;
- the assumptions and estimates used to calculate the valuation; and
- changes to the basis for valuing the assets.

What did we do?

We confirmed that the Authority's valuers are members of RICS and registered valuers. We reviewed the instructions provided to the valuer against the requirements of the Code and IFRS and found no issues.

For a sample of assets we assessed whether the valuation basis was appropriate and whether the assumptions used were supportable and reperformed the valuers' calculations.

We challenged the information provided by the valuer as the management's expert.

We have considered the impact of assets not revalued in year, and whether this could lead to a material misstatement of the closing asset valuation.

What are our conclusions?

We:

- considered the competence, capability and objectivity of the Council's valuers;
- considered the scope of the valuers' work;
- ensured Land & assets have been revalued within a 5 year rolling programme as required by the Code;
- ensured Investment Property assets had been annually revalued as required by the Code;
- considered if there were any specific changes to assets that should have been communicated to the valuer(s);
- ensured that it was appropriate that no disclosure needed to be made in the accounts in relation to any valuation uncertainty;

We noted no issues from the above procedures.

Our work in respect of this significant risk is still in progress and on the following page we detail the procedures we are currently undertaking to address the Significant Risk.

🔍 Areas of audit focus

Significant risk (cont'd)

Risk of error in the valuation of land and buildings

What is the risk?

The fair value of Property, Plant and Equipment and Investment Properties represent significant balances in the Authority's accounts, totalling approximately \pounds 1.2 billion and are subject to valuation changes, impairment reviews and depreciation charges.

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- harder to value assets such as schools which are valued on a depreciated replacement cost basis;
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What did we do?

We confirmed that the Authority's valuers are members of RICS and registered valuers. We reviewed the instructions provided to the valuer against the requirements of the Code and IFRS and found no issues.

For a sample of assets we assessed whether the valuation basis was appropriate and whether the assumptions used were supportable and reperformed the valuers' calculations.

We challenged the information provided by the valuer as the management's expert.

We have considered the impact of assets not revalued in year, and whether this could lead to a material misstatement of the closing asset valuation.

What are our conclusions?

As at the date of this report our work is still in progress in respect of the following:

- testing a sample of assets revalued in year to confirm that the valuation basis is appropriate and the accounting entries are correct;
- sample testing key inputs used by the valuer(s) when producing valuations;
- considering the results of the valuers' work;
- challenging the assumptions used by the Council's valuers by reference to external evidence and our EY valuation specialists (where necessary);
- testing journals for the valuation adjustments to confirm that they have been accurately processed in the financial statements;
- reviewing assets that are not subject to valuation in 2020/21 to confirm the remaining asset base is not materially misstated;
- extending the sample of valuations considered by our EY valuation specialists concentrating on assets where we think valuations are more likely to be impacted by C-19 related market volatility;
- reviewing specifically any changes to approach to valuations as previously discussed and highlighted in 2019/20

We have experienced some delays in the receipt of the information from the external valuers'. We will report the findings from our work at the September Audit & Governance Committee meeting.



Areas of audit focus

Other areas of audit focus

We have identified other areas of the audit, that have not been classified as significant risks, but are still important when considering the risks of material misstatement to the financial statements and disclosures and therefore may be matters that we report on

What is the risk/area of focus?

Accounting for Covid-19 related grant funding

The Council has received a significant level of government funding in relation to Covid-19. Whilst there is no change in the CIPFA Code or accounting standard (IFRS 15) in respect of accounting for grant funding, the emergency nature of some of the grants received and in some cases the lack of clarity on any associated restrictions and conditions, means that the Council will need to apply a greater degree of assessment and judgement to determine the appropriate accounting treatment in the 2020/21 statements.

Valuation of defined benefit pension scheme

The Local Authority Accounting Code of Practice and IAS19 require the Council to make extensive disclosures within its financial statements regarding its membership of the Local Government Pension Scheme administered by Oxfordshire County Council.

The Council's pension liability is a material estimated balance and is required to be disclosed on the Council's balance sheet. At 31 March 2020 this totalled £824.6 million.

The information disclosed is based on the IAS 19 report issued by the Pension Fund actuary to the Council. Accounting for these schemes involves significant estimation and judgement and therefore management engages an actuary to undertake the calculations on its behalf.

We are required to undertake procedures on the use of the use of the actuary as management's expert and the assumptions underlying fair value estimates.

What did we do?

We considered the Council's judgement on material grants received in relation to whether it is acting as:

- An Agent, where it has determined that it is acting as an intermediary; or
- A Principal, where the Council has determined that it is acting on its own behalf.
- We:
- Have selected a sample of Covid-19 grants received in year, for each item in our sample we have reviewed the Council's accounting treatment as agent or principal. We have sought technical support on the treatment of two grants received in year.
- Testing is still underway and therefore we have not concluded on this area of focus.
- Our testing for the defined pension liability is still underway and we have not concluded on this area of focus.

Areas of audit focus

Other areas of audit focus (continued)

We have identified other areas of the audit, that have not been classified as significant risks, but are still important when considering the risks of material misstatement to the financial statements and disclosures and therefore may be matters that we report on

What is the risk/area of focus?

Assessment and disclosures on Going Concern

Covid-19 has created a number of financial pressures throughout local government, creating financial stress in either, or a combination of, increasing service demand leading to increased expenditure in specific services, and reductions in income sources.

There remains a presumption that the Council will continue as a going concern for the foreseeable future. However, the Council is required to carry our a going concern assessment that is proportionate to the significant risks it faces. In light of the continued impact of Covid-19 on the Council's day to day finances, its annual budget, its cashflow and its medium term financial strategy, there is a need for the Council to ensure it's going concern assessment is thorough and appropriately comprehensive.

The auditor's report in respect of going concern covers a 12-month period from the date of the audit report, therefore the Council's assessment will also need to cover this period. The Council is then required to ensure that its going concern disclosure within the statement of accounts adequately reflects its going concern assessment and in particular highlights any uncertainties it has identified.

In addition, the auditing standard in relation to going concern (ISA570) has been revised with effect for the 2020/21 accounts audit.

Accounting for Dedicated Schools Grant (DSG)

There is a risk that the Council's accounting treatment of the DSG balance will not be in line with the Code, given the recent changes and new guidelines. This would specifically impact on the relevant Balance Sheet and Income and Expenditure assertions specifically Completeness, Existence/Occurrence and Measurement/Valuation.

What did we do?

We are required to meet the requirements of the revised auditing standard on going concern (ISA 570) and consider the adequacy of the Council's going concern assessment and its disclosure in the accounts by:

- Challenging management's identification of events or conditions impacting going concern.
- Testing management's resulting assessment of going concern by evaluating supporting evidence (including consideration of the risk of management bias).
- Reviewing the Council's cashflow forecast covering the foreseeable future, to ensure that it has sufficient liquidity to continue to operate as a going concern.
- Undertaking a 'stand back' review to consider all of the evidence obtained, whether corroborative or contradictory, when we draw our conclusions on going concern.
- Challenging the disclosure made in the accounts in respect of going concern and any material uncertainties.

We discussed the detailed implications of the revised auditing standard with finance staff and noted the information provided in the committee papers, budget and the Medium Term Financial Strategy (MTFS) in support of the going concern disclosure.

At the time of writing this report, we have agreed with management to receive an assessment of the Council's going concern basis of preparation of accounts in order to conclude on this area following internal consultations.

We reviewed the workings behind DSG reserve; we are currently seeking technical support on the Council's treatment of the DSG deficit.





Audit report

Draft audit report

TO BE INCLUDED AT THE END OF THE AUDIT

Our opinion on the financial statements



04 Audit differences

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Audit differences

In the normal course of any audit, we identify misstatements between amounts we believe should be recorded in the financial statements and the disclosures and amounts actually recorded. These differences are classified as "known" or "judgemental". Known differences represent items that can be accurately guantified and relate to a definite set of facts or circumstances. Judgemental differences generally involve estimation and relate to facts or circumstances that are uncertain or open to interpretation.

Summary of adjusted differences

Known misstatements

We have identified one audit mis-statement greater than our threshold of £14.934 m.

Through our testing of property, plant and equipment additions we identified a negative manual adjustment to the assets under construction additions balance; on enquiry of management this was the derecognition of academies that the been built by the County and then transferred to the academies on completion.

The audit team have determined that the manual adjustment had been disclosed in the wrong line of the PPE note and should be moved from the additions line to the derecognition line of note 22. This adjustment will have an impact on other notes to the accounts and the final adjustments are in the process of being agreed with management however there is no impact on the general fund balance and County's level of reserves.

As our work is ongoing in a number of areas it is possible that further amendments may arise.

We will provide an update on the conclusion of this mis-statement and any other above our reporting threshold at the Audit & Governance Committee meeting.



Audit differences

In the normal course of any audit, we identify misstatements between amounts we believe should be recorded in the financial statements and the disclosures and amounts actually recorded. These differences are classified as "known" or "judgemental". Known differences represent items that can be accurately guantified and relate to a definite set of facts or circumstances. Judgemental differences generally involve estimation and relate to facts or circumstances that are uncertain or open to interpretation.

Summary of unadjusted differences

As at the date of this report there are no unadjusted mis-statements above our reporting threshold of £0.996 m which we need to bring to the attention of the Audit & Governance Committee.

We will provide an update at the Audit & Governance Committee meeting.



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05 Value for money



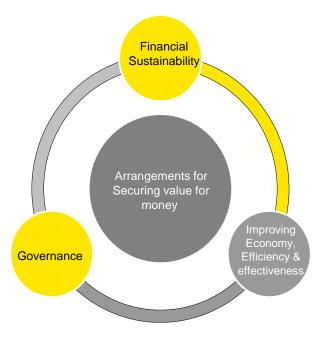
The Council's responsibilities for value for money (VFM)

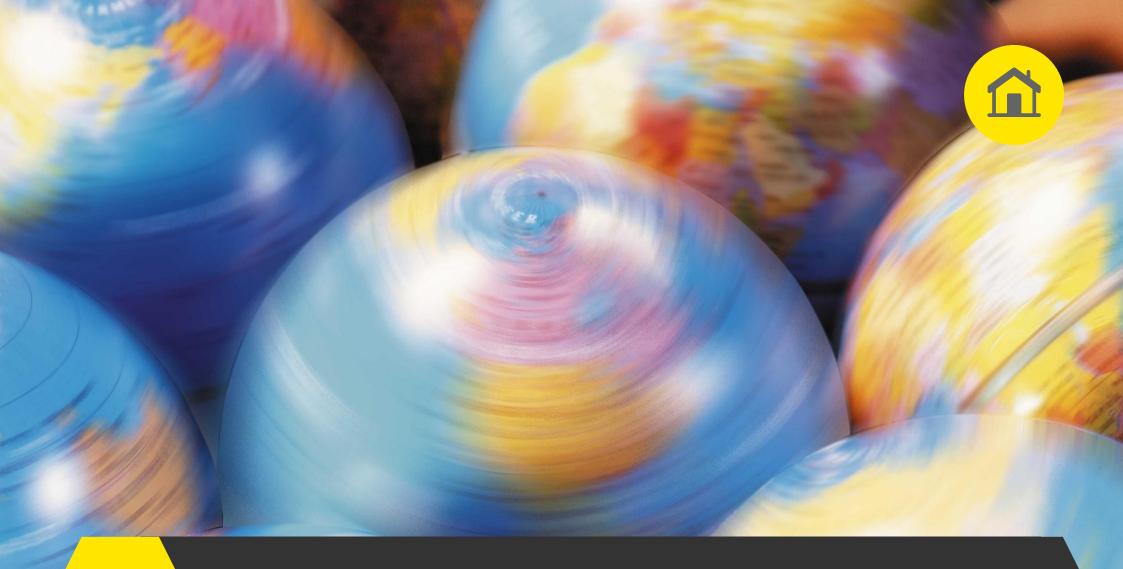
The Council is required to maintain an effective system of internal control that supports the achievement of its policies, aims and objectives while safeguarding and securing value for money from the public funds and other resources at its disposal.

As part of the material published with its financial statements, the **Council** is required to bring together commentary on its governance framework and how this has operated during the period in a governance statement. In preparing its governance statement, the **Council** tailors the content to reflect its own individual circumstances, consistent with the requirements of the relevant accounting and reporting framework and having regard to any guidance issued in support of that framework. This includes a requirement to provide commentary on its arrangements for securing value for money from their use of resources.

Risk assessment

We have previously reported to the Committee the changes in the arrangements to the VFM for 2020/21. We are currently completing our risk assessment work and assessing the Council against the three sub-criteria. This includes arranging meetings with senior officers to understand in detail the arrangements in place. As at the date of this report we are not reporting any significant weakness in arrangements. We will provide an update at the September Audit & Governance Committee meeting on our final conclusions. This update will also include the timelines for receipt of the VFM Commentary and our conclusions against each of the three sub-criteria.





06 Other reporting issues



Other reporting issues

Consistency of other information published with the financial statements, including the Annual Governance Statement

We must give an opinion on the consistency of the financial and non-financial information in the Statement of Accounts 2020/21 with the audited financial statements

We must also review the Annual Governance Statement for completeness of disclosures, consistency with other information from our work, and whether it complies with relevant guidance.

Financial information in the Statement of Accounts 2020/21 and published with the financial statements was consistent with the audited financial statements.

We have reviewed the Annual Governance Statement and can confirm it is consistent with other information from our audit of the financial statements and we have no other matters to report.

Whole of Government Accounts

Alongside our work on the financial statements, we also review and report to the National Audit Office on your Whole of Government Accounts return. The extent of our review, and the nature of our report, is specified by the National Audit Office.

We are yet to commence our work in this area due to delays in the central guidance and will report any matters arising to the Audit & Governance Committee.



Other reporting issues

Other powers and duties

We have a duty under the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 to consider whether to report on any matter that comes to our attention in the course of the audit, either for the Authority to consider it or to bring it to the attention of the public (i.e. "a report in the public interest"). As at the date of this report, we have not identified any issues which required us to issue a report in the public interest.

Other matters

As required by ISA (UK&I) 260 and other ISAs specifying communication requirements, we must tell you significant findings from the audit and other matters if they are significant to your oversight of the Authority's financial reporting process. They include the following:

- Significant qualitative aspects of accounting practices including accounting policies, accounting estimates and financial statement disclosures;
- Any significant difficulties encountered during the audit;
- Any significant matters arising from the audit that were discussed with management;
- Written representations we have requested;
- Expected modifications to the audit report;
- Any other matters significant to overseeing the financial reporting process;
- Findings and issues around the opening balance on initial audits (if applicable);
- Related parties;
- External confirmations;
- Going concern;
- Consideration of laws and regulations.

As at the date of this report we have nothing in respect of other matters that we need to bring to the attention of the Audit & Governance Committee.



Assessment of control environment

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Service Assessment of control environment

Financial controls

It is the responsibility of the Authority to develop and implement systems of internal financial control and to put in place proper arrangements to monitor their adequacy and effectiveness in practice. Our responsibility as your auditor is to consider whether the Authority have put adequate arrangements in place to satisfy itself that the systems of internal financial control are both adequate and effective in practice.

As part of our audit of the financial statements, we obtained an understanding of internal control sufficient to plan our audit and determine the nature, timing and extent of testing performed.

Although our audit was not designed to express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control we are required to communicate to you significant deficiencies in internal control.

We have not identified any significant deficiencies in the design or operation of an internal control that might result in a material misstatement in your financial statements of which you are not aware but we do raise one recommendation in respect of journal authorisation as can be seen on the next slide.

The table below provides an overview of the 'high' 'moderate' and 'low' rated observations we have from the 2020/21 audit (including IT controls). We will discuss with management and follow up as part of 2021/22 audit...

	High	Moderate	Low	Total
New points raised in FY20/21	0	0	1	1
Total open points as at 31 March 2021	0	0	1	1

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A weakness which does not seriously detract from the internal control framework. If required, action should be taken within 6-12 months.

Matters and/or issues are considered to be of major importance to maintenance of internal control, good corporate governance or best practice for processes. Action should be taken within six months.

Matters and/or issues are considered to be fundamental to the mitigation of material risk, maintenance of internal control or good corporate governance. Action should be taken either immediately or within three months.

The matters reported on the next slide are limited to those that we identified during the audit and that we concluded are of sufficient importance to merit being reported to you.

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Area	Journals	Rating	Low
Observation	As a mitigating factor, we are aware that budget ho kept on file of this review so We recommend that OCC implement a journal app processed In addition we recommend that OCC put in place proc	dulent journal which may not be identified. ders perform a review of their budgets on a regul there is no way to confirm that they have compl oval process to reduce likelihood of inaccurate o to implement best practice guidance.	ar basis however no evidence is eted it. r inappropriate journals being
Management comment			

Reliance on internal audit

Whilst we do not rely on the work of your internal auditors, we have reviewed Internal Audit reports issued to management during the period to March 21. This is to ensure that any financial statement risks identified are considered in determining the extent of our audit procedures.

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Management Override of Controls

What is the risk?

In line with ISA 240 we are required to test the appropriateness of journal entries recorded in the general ledger and other adjustments made in the preparation of the financial statements

What judgements are we focused on?

We review journals by certain risk based criteria to focus on higher risk transactions, such as journals posted manually by management, those posted around the year-end, those with unusual debit and credit relationships, and those posted by individuals we would not expect to be entering transactions.

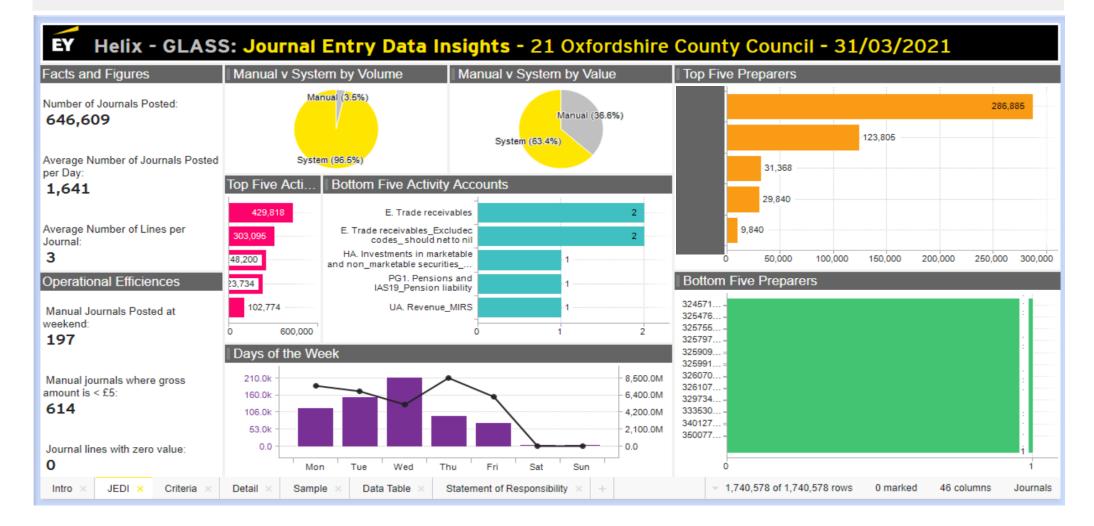
The purpose of this approach is to provide a more effective, risk focused approach to auditing journal entries, minimising the burden of compliance on management by minimising randomly selected samples.

What did we do?	What are our conclusions?
We obtained general ledger journal data for the period and have used our analysers to identify characteristics typically associated with inappropriate journal entries or adjustments, and journals entries that are subject to a higher risk of management override.	At the data of writing this report our journal entry tested is not concluded; we will conclude on the testing and report to you in September.
We then performed tests on the journals identified to determine if they were appropriate and reasonable.	



Journal Entry Data Insights

The graphic outlined below summarises the journal population for 2020/21. We isolated a sub set of journals for further investigation and obtained supporting evidence to verify the posting of these transactions included in our data subset.





Relationships, services and related threats and safeguards

The FRC Ethical Standard requires that we provide details of all relationships between Ernst & Young (EY) and the Council, and its directors and senior management and its affiliates, including all services provided by us and our network to your company, its directors and senior management and its affiliates, and other services provided to other known connected parties that we consider may reasonably be thought to bear on the our integrity or objectivity, including those that could compromise independence and the related safeguards that are in place and why they address the threats.

There are no relationships from 1st April 2020 to the date of this report, which we consider may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and objectivity.

Services provided by Ernst & Young

The next page includes a summary of the fees that you have paid to us in the year ended 31 March 2021 in line with the disclosures set out in FRC Ethical Standard and in statute. Full details of the services that we have provided are shown below. Further detail of all fees has been provided to the Audit & Governance Committee with measurement against pre-approved limits.

As at the date of this report, there are no future services which have been contracted and no written proposal to provide non-audit services has been submitted.

We confirm that we have not undertaken any non-audit work.



Confirmation and analysis of Audit fees

We confirm there are no changes in our assessment of independence since our confirmation in our audit planning board report dated 02 June 2021.

We complied with the APB Ethical Standards. In our professional judgement the firm is independent and the objectivity of the audit engagement partner and audit staff has not been compromised within the meaning of regulatory and professional requirements.

We consider that our independence in this context is a matter that should be reviewed by both you and ourselves. It is therefore important that you and your Audit & Governance Committee consider the facts of which you are aware and come to a view. If you wish to discuss any matters concerning our independence, we will be pleased to do so at the forthcoming meeting of the Audit & Governance Committee on 21 July 2021.

We confirm we plan to undertake non-audit work outside of the Statement of responsibilities of auditors and audited bodies as issued by the Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd . We will apply the necessary safeguards in our completion of this work.

Description	Final Fee 2020/21 £	Planned Fee 2020/21 £	Final Fee 2019/20 £
Total Audit Fee - Code work	Note***	145,200***	105,868*
Other Objection - 2015/16	-	-	27,225
Other Objection - 2016/17	-	-	19,998
Total Audit Fees	Note***	145,200***	144,391
Non-audit work (Teacher's Pensions Certification)	TBC**	13,500	13,000

Total non-audit services	TBC**	13,500	13,000
Total fees	Note***	Note***	157,391

All fees exclude VAT

(*) The 19/20 Code work includes an additional fee of £21,200, which relates to additional work reviewing McCloud/GMP where we used EY Pensions specialists; IFRS 9 (Financial Instruments) material adjustment which required additional technical support, & extended income and expenditure testing. We have discussed the variation with officers, but are awaiting approval from PSAA.

(**) The 19/20 work on the Teacher's Pension certification has been completed. For 20/21 the planned fee represents the base fee, i.e. not including any extended testing. (***) The scale fee for 20/21 is set by PSAA as indicative and does not reflect the actual costs of undertaking the audit, to address all risks identified and to meet current regulatory standards. We set out the key areas of focus of our work on pages 7-15. In our planning report, we included an estimate of the fee of £145,200 to reflect those underlying costs. We have also incurred additional costs in addressing the increased risks associated with C 19, including asset valuations and the impact on the going concern assessment. We will discuss and agree a fee with management and PSAA, and communicate progress to the Audit & Governance Committee.



Other communications

EY Transparency Report 2020

Ernst & Young (EY) has policies and procedures that instil professional values as part of firm culture and ensure that the highest standards of objectivity, independence and integrity are maintained.

Details of the key policies and processes in place within EY for maintaining objectivity and independence can be found in our annual Transparency Report which the firm is required to publish by law. The most recent version of this Report is for the year end 30 June 2020:

EY UK Transparency Report 2020 | EY UK



10 Appendices

Appendix A

Audit approach update

We summarise below our approach to the audit of the balance sheet and any changes to this approach from the prior year audit.

Our audit procedures are designed to be responsive to our assessed risk of material misstatement at the relevant assertion level. Assertions relevant to the balance sheet include:

- Existence: An asset, liability and equity interest exists at a given date
- Rights and Obligations: An asset, liability and equity interest pertains to the entity at a given date
- Completeness: There are no unrecorded assets, liabilities, and equity interests, transactions or events, or undisclosed items
- Valuation: An asset, liability and equity interest is recorded at an appropriate amount and any resulting valuation or allocation adjustments are appropriately recorded
- Presentation and Disclosure: Assets, liabilities and equity interests are appropriately aggregated or disaggregated, and classified, described and disclosed in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework. Disclosures are relevant and understandable in the context of the applicable financial reporting framework



Balance sheet category	Audit Approach in current year	Audit Approach in prior year	Explanation for change
Trade receivables	We tested controls over all relevant assertions with limited substantive testing performed in accordance with auditing standards	We tested controls over all relevant assertions with limited substantive testing performed in accordance with auditing standards	No change
Trade payables	We tested controls over all relevant assertions with limited substantive testing performed in accordance with auditing standards	We tested controls over all relevant assertions with limited substantive testing performed in accordance with auditing standards	No change
Investments	Substantively tested all assertions	Substantively tested all assertions	No change
Tangible fixed assets	Substantively tested all assertions	Substantively tested all assertions	No change
Cash	We tested controls over all relevant assertions with limited substantive testing performed in accordance with auditing standards	We tested controls over all relevant assertions with limited substantive testing performed in accordance with auditing standards	No change
Borrowing	Substantively tested all assertions	Substantively tested all assertions	No change
Capital grants receipts in advance	Substantively tested all assertions	Substantively tested all assertions	No change
Pensions liability	Substantively tested all assertions	Substantively tested all assertions	No change

🖹 Appendix B

Summary of communications

Date Date	Nature	Summary
13 January 2021	Meeting	The partner in charge of the engagement and other senior members of the audit team, met with the Audit & Governance Committee to understand the latest issues impacting Oxfordshire County Council.
2 March 2021	Meeting	The partner in charge of the engagement, along with other senior members of the audit team, met with the management team to discuss any issues carried forward from the 2019/20 audit and to understand the latest business operating environment.
Mar-April 2021	Meeting	The audit team continued to liaise with the core finance team to conclude on a number of outstanding and ongoing areas of the audit.
26 May 2021	Report	The draft audit plan, including confirmation of independence, was issued to the Audit & Governance Committee.
02 June 2021	Meeting	The partner in charge of the engagement, accompanied by other senior members of the audit team, delivered a presentation to the Audit & Governance Committee on the role of external audit and also on the role of an effective Audit Committee. This was designed to support new members on the Audit & Governance Committee.
02 June 2021	Meeting	The partner in charge of the engagement, accompanied by other senior members of the audit team, met with the Audit & Governance Committee and senior members of the management team to discuss the draft audit plan for 2020/21.
Jun-July 2021	Meeting	The audit team continued to liaise with the core finance team to conclude on a number of outstanding and ongoing areas of the audit. Meetings were held twice per week to facilitate quicker resolution of issues.
12 July 2021	Report	The draft audit results report, including confirmation of independence, was issued to the Audit & Governance Committee.
21 July 2021	Meeting	The partner in charge of the engagement, accompanied by other senior members of the audit team, met with the Audit & Governance Committee and senior members of the management team to discuss the draft audit results report.

In addition to the above specific meetings and letters the audit team met with the management team multiple times throughout the audit to discuss audit findings.

🖹 Appendix C

Required communications with the Audit & Governance Committee

There are certain communications that we must provide to the Audit & Governance Committees of UK entities. We have detailed these here together with a reference of when and where they were covered:

		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	📅 👽 When and where
Terms of engagement	Confirmation by the Audit & Governance Committee of acceptance of terms of engagement as written in the engagement letter signed by both parties.	The statement of responsibilities serves as the formal terms of engagement between the PSAA's appointed auditors and audited bodies
Our responsibilities	Reminder of our responsibilities as set out in the engagement letter.	Draft Audit planning report presented at the 2 June Audit & Governance Committee
Planning and audit approach	Communication of the planned scope and timing of the audit, any limitations and the significant risks identified. When communicating key audit matters this includes the most significant risks of material misstatement (whether or not due to fraud) including those that have the greatest effect on the overall audit strategy, the allocation of resources in the audit and directing the efforts of the engagement team.	Draft Audit planning report presented at the 2 June Audit & Governance Committee
Significant findings from the audit	 Our view about the significant qualitative aspects of accounting practices including accounting policies, accounting estimates and financial statement disclosures Significant difficulties, if any, encountered during the audit Significant matters, if any, arising from the audit that were discussed with management Written representations that we are seeking Expected modifications to the audit report Other matters if any, significant to the oversight of the financial reporting process 	Draft Audit planning report presented at the 2 June Audit & Governance Committee

Appendix C

		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	📺 💎 When and where
	 About the directors' explanation in the annual report as to how they have assessed the prospects of the entity, over what period they have done so and why they consider that period to be appropriate (in accordance with Code provision 31), and their statements: In the financial statements, as to whether they considered it appropriate to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing them, including any related disclosures identifying any material uncertainties to the entity's ability to continue to do so over a period of at least twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements (in accordance with Code provision 30); and In the annual report as to whether they have a reasonable expectation that the entity will be able to continue in operation and meet its liabilities as they fall due over the period of the assessment, including any related disclosures drawing attention to any necessary qualifications or assumptions (in accordance with Code provision 31); Any other matters identified in the course of the audit that we believe will be relevant to the board or the Audit & Governance Committee in the context of fulfilling their responsibilities referred to above. 	
Public Interest Entities	 For the audits of financial statements of public interest entities our written communications to the Audit & Governance Committee include: A declaration of independence The identity of each key audit partner The use of non-member firms or external specialists and confirmation of their independence The nature and frequency of communications A description of the scope and timing of the audit Which categories of the balance sheet have been tested substantively or controls based and explanations for significant changes to the prior year, including first year audits Materiality Any going concern issues identified Any significant deficiencies in internal control identified and whether they have been resolved by management 	Draft Audit planning report presented at the 2 June Audit & Governance Committee and Draft Audit results report presented at the 21 July 2021 Audit & Governance Committee

🕒 Appendix C

		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	📅 🖓 When and where
	 Subject to compliance with regulations, any actual or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations identified relevant to the Audit & Governance Committee Subject to compliance with regulations, any suspicions that irregularities, including fraud with regard to the financial statements, may occur or have occurred, and the implications thereof The valuation methods used and any changes to these including first year audits The scope of consolidation and exclusion criteria if any and whether in accordance with the reporting framework The identification of any non-EY component teams used in the group audit The completeness of documentation and explanations received Any significant difficulties encountered in the course of the audit Any significant matters discussed with management Any other matters considered significant 	
Going concern	 Events or conditions identified that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, including: Whether the events or conditions constitute a material uncertainty related to going concern Whether the use of the going concern assumption is appropriate in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements The appropriateness of related disclosures in the financial statements 	Draft Audit results report presented at the 21 July 2021 Audit & Governance Committee
Misstatements	 Uncorrected misstatements and their effect on our audit opinion, unless prohibited by law or regulation The effect of uncorrected misstatements related to prior periods A request that any uncorrected misstatement be corrected Material misstatements corrected by management 	Draft Audit results report presented at the 21 July 2021 Audit & Governance Committee
Subsequent events	 Enquiry of the Audit & Governance Committee where appropriate regarding whether any subsequent events have occurred that might affect the financial statements. 	Draft Audit results report presented at the 21 July 2021 Audit & Governance Committee



		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	🛗 💡 When and where
Fraud	 Enquiries of the Audit & Governance Committee to determine whether they have knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud affecting the entity Any fraud that we have identified or information we have obtained that indicates that a fraud may exist Unless all of those charged with governance are involved in managing the entity, any identified or suspected fraud involving: a. Management; b. Employees who have significant roles in internal control; or c. Others where the fraud results in a material misstatement in the financial statements. The nature, timing and extent of audit procedures necessary to complete the audit when fraud involving management is suspected Any other matters related to fraud, relevant to Audit & Governance Committee responsibility. 	Draft Audit results report presented at the 21 July 2021 Audit & Governance Committee
Related parties	 Significant matters arising during the audit in connection with the entity's related parties including, when applicable: Non-disclosure by management Inappropriate authorisation and approval of transactions Disagreement over disclosures Non-compliance with laws and regulations Difficulty in identifying the party that ultimately controls the entity 	Draft Audit results report presented at the 21 July 2021 Audit & Governance Committee
Independence	 Communication of all significant facts and matters that bear on EY's, and all individuals involved in the audit, objectivity and independence. Communication of key elements of the audit engagement partner's consideration of independence and objectivity such as: The principal threats Safeguards adopted and their effectiveness An overall assessment of threats and safeguards Information about the general policies and process within the firm to maintain objectivity and independence 	Draft Audit planning report presented at the 2 June Audit & Governance Committee and Draft Audit results report presented at the 21 July 2021 Audit & Governance Committee

Appendix C

		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	🗰 💎 When and where
	 Communications whenever significant judgements are made about threats to objectivity and independence and the appropriateness of safeguards put in place. For public interest entities and listed companies, communication of minimum requirements as detailed in the FRC Revised Ethical Standard 2019: Relationships between EY, the company and senior management, its affiliates and its connected parties Services provided by EY that may reasonably bear on the auditors' objectivity and independence Related safeguards Fees charged by EY analysed into appropriate categories such as statutory audit fees, tax advisory fees, other non-audit service fees A statement of compliance with the Ethical Standard, including any non-EY firms or external experts used in the audit Details of any inconsistencies between the Ethical Standard and Group's policy for the provision of non-audit services, and any apparent breach of that policy Where EY has determined it is appropriate to apply more restrictive rules than permitted under the Ethical Standard The Audit & Governance Committee should also be provided an opportunity to discuss matters affecting auditor independence 	
External confirmations	 Management's refusal for us to request confirmations Inability to obtain relevant and reliable audit evidence from other procedures. 	Draft Audit results report presented at the 21 July 2021 Audit & Governance Committee
Consideration of laws and regulations	 Subject to compliance with applicable regulations, matters involving identified or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations, other than those which are clearly inconsequential and the implications thereof. Instances of suspected non-compliance may also include those that are brought to our attention that are expected to occur imminently or for which there is reason to believe that they may occur Enquiry of the Audit & Governance Committee into possible instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that may have a material effect on the financial statements and that the Audit & Governance Committee may be aware of 	Draft Audit results report presented at the 21 July 2021 Audit & Governance Committee



		Our Reporting to you
Required communications	What is reported?	🗰 💡 When and where
Significant deficiencies in internal controls identified during the audit	 Significant deficiencies in internal controls identified during the audit. 	Draft Audit results report presented at the 21 July 2021 Audit & Governance Committee
Written representations we are requesting from management and/or those charged with governance	 Written representations we are requesting from management and/or those charged with governance 	Draft Audit results report presented at the 21 July 2021 Audit & Governance Committee
Material inconsistencies or misstatements of fact identified in other information which management has refused to revise	 Material inconsistencies or misstatements of fact identified in other information which management has refused to revise 	Draft Audit results report presented at the 21 July 2021 Audit & Governance Committee
Auditors report	 Key audit matters that we will include in our auditor's report Any circumstances identified that affect the form and content of our auditor's report 	Draft Audit results report presented at the 21 July 2021 Audit & Governance Committee

🕒 Appendix D

Outstanding matters

The following items relating to the completion of our audit procedures are outstanding at the date of the release of this report:

Item	Actions to resolve	Responsibility
Final Accounts	Review of the Final Accounts and associated support for disclosures Incorporation of EY review comments on disclosure notes	EY and management
Going concern review and disclosures	EY central review process and finalisation of disclosures and opinion wording	EY and management
Management representation letter	Receipt of signed management representation letter	Management and Audit & Governance Committee
Subsequent events review	Completion of subsequent events procedures to the date of signing the audit report	EY and management
Key audit areas as set out in the body of this report	Final receipt of information needed for us to complete the areas set out in the body of this report, in particular, delays in the PPE work to be addressed. Following this, we will also need to complete our review at manager, Engagement Partner and Quality Reviewer level.	EY and management

Until all our audit procedures are complete, we cannot confirm the final form of our audit opinion as new issues may emerge or we may not agree on final detailed disclosures in the Annual Report. At this point no issues have emerged that would cause us to modify our opinion, but we should point out that some key disclosures remain to be finalised and audited. A draft of the current opinion (with outstanding areas highlighted) will be provided in our final audit results report and presented to the September Committee.

🖹 Appendix E

Management representation letter

Management Rep Letter

[To be prepared on the entity's letterhead] [Date]

Ernst & Young FAO: Maria Grindley EY Apex Plaza Reading RG1 1YE

This letter of representations is provided in connection with your audit of the council financial statements of Oxfordshire County Council ("the Council") for the year ended 31 March 2021. We recognise that obtaining representations from us concerning the information contained in this letter is a significant procedure in enabling you to form an opinion as to whether the council financial statements give a true and fair view of the Council financial position of Oxfordshire County Council as of 31 March 2021 and of its financial performance (or operations) and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with, for the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2020/21 for the Council.

We understand that the purpose of your audit of our council financial statements is to express an opinion thereon and that your audit was conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing, which involves an examination of the accounting system, internal control and related data to the extent you considered necessary in the circumstances, and is not designed to identify - nor necessarily be expected to disclose - all fraud, shortages, errors and other irregularities, should any exist.

Accordingly, we make the following representations, which are true to the best of our knowledge and belief, having made such inquiries as we considered necessary for the purpose of appropriately informing ourselves:

A. Financial Statements and Financial Records

- 1. We have fulfilled our responsibilities, under the relevant statutory authorities, for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with, the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2020 and CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2020/21 for the Council.
- 2. We acknowledge, as members of management of the Council, our responsibility for the fair presentation of the council financial statements. We believe the Council financial statements referred to above give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance (or results of operations) and cash flows of the Council in accordance with the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2020/21 and are free of material misstatements, including omissions. We have approved the council financial statements.
- 3. The significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the Council financial statements are appropriately described in the Council financial statements.
- 4. As members of management of the Council, we believe that the Council have a system of internal controls adequate to enable the preparation of accurate financial statements in accordance with the CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2020/21 for the Council that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. We have disclosed to you any significant changes in our processes, controls, policies and procedures that we have made to address the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on our system of internal controls.
- 5. We believe that the effects of any unadjusted audit differences, summarised in the accompanying schedule, accumulated by you during the current audit and pertaining to the latest period presented are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the council financial statements taken as a whole. We have not corrected these differences identified and brought to our attention by the auditor because [specify reasons for not correcting misstatement].

Appendix E

Management representation letter

Management Rep Letter (cont.)

- B. Non-compliance with law and regulations, including fraud
- 1. We acknowledge that we are responsible for determining that the Council's activities are conducted in accordance with laws and regulations and that we are responsible for identifying and addressing any noncompliance with applicable laws and regulations, including fraud.
- 2. We acknowledge that we are responsible for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal controls to prevent and detect fraud.
- 3. We have disclosed to you the results of our assessment of the risk that the Council financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud.
- 4. We have disclosed to you, and provided you full access to information and any internal investigations relating to, all instances of identified or suspected non-compliance with law and regulations, including fraud, known to us that may have affected the Council (regardless of the source or form and including, without limitation, allegations by "whistleblowers") including non-compliance matters:
 - involving financial statements;
 - related to laws and regulations that have a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the Council's financial statements;
 - related to laws and regulations that have an indirect effect on amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, but compliance with which may be fundamental to the operations of the Council's activities, its ability to continue to operate, or to avoid material penalties;
 - involving management, or employees who have significant roles in internal controls, or others; or
 - in relation to any allegations of fraud, suspected fraud or other non-compliance with laws and regulations communicated by employees, former employees, analysts, regulators or others.

- C. Information Provided and Completeness of Information and Transactions
- 1. We have provided you with:
- Access to all information of which we are aware that is relevant to the preparation of the financial statements such as records, documentation and other matters;
- Additional information that you have requested from us for the purpose of the audit; and
- Unrestricted access to persons within the entity from whom you determined it necessary to obtain audit evidence.
- 2. All material transactions have been recorded in the accounting records and all material transactions, events and conditions are reflected in the council financial statements, including those related to the COVID-19 pandemic.
- 3. We have made available to you all minutes of the meetings of the Council and committees (or summaries of actions of recent meetings for which minutes have not yet been prepared) held through the year to the most recent meeting on the 02 June 2021.
- 4. We confirm the completeness of information provided regarding the identification of related parties. We have disclosed to you the identity of the Council's related parties and all related party relationships and transactions of which we are aware, including sales, purchases, loans, transfers of assets, liabilities and services, leasing arrangements, guarantees, non-monetary transactions and transactions for no consideration for the year ended, as well as related balances due to or from such parties at the year end. These transactions have been appropriately accounted for and disclosed in the council financial statements.
- 5. We believe that the significant assumptions we used in making accounting estimates, including those measured at fair value, are reasonable.
- 6. We have disclosed to you, and the Council has complied with, all aspects of contractual agreements that could have a material effect on the council financial statements in the event of non-compliance, including all covenants, conditions or other requirements of all outstanding debt.

Appendix E

Management representation letter

Management Rep Letter (cont.)

- **D.** Liabilities and Contingencies
- 1. All liabilities and contingencies, including those associated with guarantees, whether written or oral, have been disclosed to you and are appropriately reflected in the council financial statements.
- 2. We have informed you of all outstanding and possible litigation and claims, whether or not they have been discussed with legal counsel.
- 3. We have recorded and/or disclosed, as appropriate, all liabilities related litigation and claims, both actual and contingent. No guarantees have been given to third parties.

E. Subsequent Events

1. Other than those described in Note X to the council financial statements, there have been no events, including events related to the COVID-19 pandemic, subsequent to year end which require adjustment of or disclosure in the council financial statements or notes thereto.

F. Other information

- 1. We acknowledge our responsibility for the preparation of the other information.
- 2. We confirm that the content contained within the other information is consistent with the financial statements.

H. Going Concern

1. Accounting policy a) General Principles to the council financial statements discloses all of the matters of which we are aware that are relevant to the Council's ability to continue as a going concern, including significant conditions and events, our plans for future action, and the feasibility of those plans.

I. Ownership of Assets

- 1. Except for assets capitalised under finance leases, the Council has satisfactory title to all assets appearing in the balance sheet, and there are no liens or encumbrances on the Council's assets, nor has any asset been pledged as collateral. All assets to which the Council has satisfactory title appear in the balance sheet.
- 2. All agreements and options to buy back assets previously sold have been properly recorded and adequately disclosed in the council financial statements.

J. Reserves

1. We have properly recorded or disclosed in the council financial statements the useable and unusable reserves.

K. Use of the Work of a Specialist

1. We agree with the findings of the specialists that we engaged to evaluate the asset valuations and net pension liability valuation and have adequately considered the qualifications of the specialists in determining the amounts and disclosures included in the council financial statements and the underlying accounting records. We did not give or cause any instructions to be given to the specialists with respect to the values or amounts derived in an attempt to bias their work, and we are not otherwise aware of any matters that have had an effect on the independence or objectivity of the specialists.

L. Asset Valuation Estimates

- 1. We believe that the measurement processes, including related assumptions and models, used to determine the accounting estimate(s) have been consistently applied and are appropriate in the context of CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2020/21 for the Council.
- 2. We confirm that the significant assumptions used in making the asset valuation estimates appropriately reflect our intent and ability to carry out planned uses of assets valued.

Appendix E

Management representation letter

Management Rep Letter (cont.)

- 3. We confirm that the disclosures made in the council financial statements with respect to the accounting estimate(s) are complete and made in accordance with CIPFA LASAAC Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in the United Kingdom 2020/21 for the Council.
- 4. We confirm that no adjustments are required to the accounting estimate(s) and disclosures in the council financial statements due to subsequent events, including due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

M. Retirement benefits

1. On the basis of the process established by us and having made appropriate enquiries, we are satisfied that the actuarial assumptions underlying the scheme liabilities are consistent with our knowledge of the business. All significant retirement benefits and all settlements and curtailments have been identified and properly accounted for.

Yours faithfully,

Lorna Baxter - Director of Finance

Councillor Roz Smith - Chair of the Audit & Governance Committee

Progress report on implementation of IFRS 16 Leases

In previous reports to the Audit & Governance Committee, we have highlighted the issue of new accounting standards and regulatory developments. IFRS 16 introduces a number of significant changes which go beyond accounting technicalities. For example, the changes have the potential to impact on procurement processes as more information becomes available on the real cost of leases. The key accounting impact is that assets and liabilities in relation to significant lease arrangements previously accounted for as operating leases will need to be recognised on the balance sheet. IFRS 16 requires all substantial leases to be accounted for using the acquisition approach, recognising the rights acquired to use an asset.

IFRS 16 does not come into effect for the Council until 1 April 2022. However, officers should be acting now to assess the Council's leasing positions and secure the required information to ensure the Council will be fully compliance with the 2022/23 Code. The following table summarises the actions necessary to implement the adoption of IFRS 16 from 1 April 2022:

IFRS 16 theme	Summary of key measures
Data collection	 Management should have: Put in place a robust process to identify all arrangements that convey the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time. The adequacy of this process should be discussed with auditors. Classified all such leases into low value; short-term; peppercorn; portfolio and individual leases Identified, collected, logged and checked all significant data points that affect lease accounting including: the term of the lease; reasonably certain judgements on extension or termination; dates of rent reviews; variable payments; grandfathered decisions; non-lease components; and discount rate to be applied.
Policy Choices	 The council need to agree on certain policy choices. In particular: Will [the council adopt a portfolio approach? Has the low value threshold been set and agreed with auditors? Which asset classes, if any, are management adopting the practical expedient in relation to non-lease components? What is managements policy in relation to discount rates to be used?
Code adaptations for the public sector	Finance teams should understand the Code adaptations for the public sector. The Code contains general adaptations, (e.g. the definition of a lease); transitional interpretations (e.g. no restatement of prior periods) and adaptations that apply post transition (e.g. use of short-term lease exemption).
Transitional accounting arrangements	Finance teams should understand the accounting required on first implementation of IFRS 16. The main impact is on former operating leases where the authority is lessee. However, there can be implications for some finance leases where the Council is lessee; and potentially for sub-leases, where the Council is a lessor, that were operating leases under the old standard.
Ongoing accounting arrangements	Finance teams need to develop models to be able to properly account for initial recognition and subsequent measurement of right of use assets and associated liabilities. This is more complex than the previous standard due to more regular remeasurements and possible modifications after certain trigger events.
Remeasurements and modifications	Finance teams need to familiarise themselves with when the 'remeasurement' or 'modification' of a lease is required and what to do under each circumstance. A modification can lead to an additional lease being recognised. It is also important to know when remeasurements require a new discount rate is to be applied to the lease.

EY | Assurance | Tax | Transactions | Advisory

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